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REPORT ON PHASE TWO OF 1990 OSSA DATA CENSUS

Joseph H. King

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October 1991

National Space Science Data Center
National Aeronautics and Space Administration
Goddard Space Flight Center
Greenbelt, Maryland 20771

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Preface

NASA's Office of Space Science and Applications (OSSA) and its predecessor organizations have been responsible for hundreds of scientific spacecraft that have made observations in and from space since 1958. A great deal of data has been produced by these spacecraft. To date there has been no single information base about all these data, although there are many information bases about various subsets of them. The National Space Science Data Center, on behalf of NASA/OSSA, is endeavoring to build a comprehensive information base about these data. One key element in this effort was a 1990 census which surveyed more than 200 former Principal Investigators. This report is primarily the result of that census. While the response was less than 100%, it was determined that the extant data from over 80% of the inactive investigations for which there were responses were fully archived at NSSDC.

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Census-90 Report

Introduction

The 1990 NASA Office of Space Science and Applications (OSSA) data census contributed significantly to a database intended to identify and briefly describe all archived data and potentially archive-desirable data from active and inactive NASA/OSSA spaceflight investigations. This database is being created at the National Space Science Data Center (NSSDC) and will be more comprehensive than the databases describing data held at individual sites such as NSSDC.

For the purposes of this report, active investigations are defined as those flying on currently operational spacecraft or those that flew on recently operational spacecraft for which project-coordinated data archiving is continuing. Inactive investigations are those that flew on spacecraft that are no longer operational, and for which systematic archiving has ended.

Discipline-specific subsets of the database will be created and provided to groups of discipline scientists for comments (prioritization) relative to (1) restoration (defined later in this document) of archived or not-yet-archived data, and (2) archiving of the not-yet-archived data.

The principal purpose of this report is to describe phase two of the 1990 census. The previously reported phase one of this census, as well as a relevant 1981 census, will be briefly discussed. Then the phase two survey instrument will be described, those surveyed and respondents/responses will be identified, and data sets from inactive OSSA investigations "discovered" during the 1990 census (phase two) will be briefly discussed individually.

NSSDC plans to issue a subsequent series of discipline-specific reports, to address the present comprehensive database relevant to inactive investigations, using information collected both within and outside the 1990 census activity. Finally, yet later reports in this series will address the status of data from currently active missions. These later reports will be based on knowledge of ongoing interactions among project offices, Principal Investigators (PI) or the equivalent, and NASA archive representatives, with limited additional information from the 1990 census.

NSSDC has not addressed the archiving of data from non-spacecraft NASA data sources, such as rockets, balloons, and aircraft. It is NSSDC's general intent to do so after the completion of the spacecraft portion of the effort which represents the vast majority of the data by volume and by unmined science content.

1990 Census - Phase One

The 1990 NASA/OSSA census was taken in two phases. During the first phase, data held by Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL) scientists, data held by various JPL institutional data processing/management facilities, and data held by non-JPL scientists involved with JPL-managed spaceflight missions were surveyed under the lead of Margaret Johnson/JPL, while data held at NSSDC and by Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC) scientists were surveyed by NSSDC staff.

Data held under the sponsorship of GSFC/Information Processing Division (IPD) are largely the counterparts of some JPL data that are now the subject of an institutional "inventory/categorize/restore" program. These JPL data were identified in census phase one. Little attempt was made to survey all such IPD data since these data are, for the most part, very low level data and not typically archive-desirable. (The author did receive from GSFC/IPD, however, a listing of the data sets IPD continues to hold which were used as input to the final processing step in which data sets transmitted to PI teams were generated.)

JPL took the lead in generating a report summarizing the first phase of the census. This report, dated March 12, 1990, contains some statistics and lists all available information about all the data sets identified. This report is available from Margaret Johnson or the present author. In particular, there are 294 data sets from 72 spacecraft identified. Of these, 156 are JPL-associated and 138 are GSFC-related. Of the 156 JPL data sets, 29 are associated with individual scientists or other persons, 33 are related to the NASA Ocean Data System, and the remaining 94 are low-level data sets managed institutionally. On average, these latter 94 are roughly analogous to the GSFC/IPD-managed data sets.

Of the 138 GSFC data sets, seven are related to the Solar Maximum Mission, and all the others are NSSDC-held. Also contained in the Phase 1 report are records of discussions between JPL staff persons and approximately 20 PIs on a range of past (e.g., Ranger) to current (e.g., Pioneer Venus) missions.

Appendix 1 of the present report is the index to the data set listings in the phase one report. Minor inconsistencies may be noted that render the numbers above (72 spacecraft, 294 data sets, etc.) as slight overestimates. For instance, note that "spacecraft" #'s 65 and 71 are the same. Also, the 11 AE-D."data sets" are the same set of tapes. Despite the main thrust of Phase 1 being the identification of GSFC and JPL scientists' data sets, several such GSFC data sets were identified after the Phase 1 report went to press. These data sets are separately identified in Appendix 2 of this report.

The Database

It is useful to note how the information collected has been organized, and, separately, how the 4500 NSSDC-held data sets have been handled. We used dBASE III as the database, in a PC environment, for the first phase. In this phase, the intent was to identify "data sets" where they were found. Some such data sets were entered into the database with additional information to be determined. Also, 131 of the currently most important NSSDC data sets were described in the dBASE database, with the expectation that the rest of the NSSDC holdings would be identified/described in the full and final Census Database (CDB).

Phase two of the census did not take the perspective of trying to find and identify/describe sets of tapes (or other media) as they existed around the NASA environment. Rather, this phase began with a list (which NSSDC has) of all OSSA-funded spaceflight investigations and an attempt to ascertain what data exist from each.

(This new [phase two] view of the census database, assigning primacy to the spaceflight investigations as the organizing principle as opposed to known extant sets of tapes, meant that JPL would need to continue using the original dBASE database to manage its on-going effort to better identify sets of tapes as associated with individual spacecraft and investigations, and to describe these data sets. Such data sets, when sufficiently well identified and described, would then be appropriate for inclusion in the definitive NASA/OSSA Census Database.)

To accommodate the results of both phases of the 1990 data census and other information concerning extant data from OSSA investigations, NSSDC undertook to build a relational database on a Britton Lee (Sharebase) database machine to facilitate compatibility with other NSSDC databases, especially the Master Directory and the AIM file (which is the principal repository of information about the 4500 NSSDC-held data sets). However, after the early response to the community survey, it became apparent that the great majority of data sets to be identified/described in the CDB were NSSDC-held data sets. Therefore, NSSDC decided to terminate the creation of a dedicated CDB and chose instead to modify the AIM file to accommodate the few incremental requirements of the CDB. Thus, CDB may now be viewed as a census view into the AIM file.

The CDB/AIM will be the database identifying all known data of potential archive value from OSSA-funded investigations. As mentioned above, it will be used to provide discipline-subsetted lists and descriptions of data sets to discipline-specific groups of scientists so that they may prioritize data sets for archiving/restoration/etc. This process will be central to the overall data revitalization effort of the OSSA Data Management Initiative.

A key feature of the CDB/AIM database is that it will contain an instrument-level free text description that, before launch, will identify plans for all data sets to be generated

and (the subset thereof) to be archived for a given instrument. Then, after launch, it will be used to track the implementation of the prelaunch data generation and archiving plans. This is in addition to more detailed dataset-level descriptions of the data sets themselves.

The Survey Instrument

NSSDC designed a survey to send to potential holders of extant data from OSSA-funded investigations. This report is intended to address the following questions concerning the survey and its results. (The phase two survey, addressed in detail in this report, was slightly modified from the earlier phase one survey.)

What was asked of them?
What were the responses?
What not-yet-archived data sets were discovered?
What can be done about the (mainly old) investigations for which there may be additional, unknown data?

A survey package was mailed, during the week of August 22, 1990, to 213 scientists possibly holding potentially archive-desirable data. It should be noted that 42 persons were included who were involved in active investigations only. Further discussion of the selection of recipients is given below.

A copy of the main part of the census survey package is contained in this report as Appendix 3. It consists of a cover letter from Joseph Alexander/OSSA soliciting cooperation, a more detailed set of instructions by Joseph King, a Data Set Identification (DSI) form intended to facilitate the quick and easy identification of relevant data sets, a Data Set Description (DSD) form intended to capture the additional information needed in the eventual data set prioritization-for-restoration/archiving process, guidelines for information needed for each field of the DSD, and a list of discipline keywords whose use would enable the database subsetting for the discipline-specific prioritization process.

In addition, each survey package contained a part specific to individual recipients. This showed what data NSSDC already held from the one or several instruments with which the recipient was associated. Inclusion of this part was intended to aid those persons who may have forgotten just what subsets of all their data they had already archived at NSSDC.

The recipients of the survey letter are listed alphabetically in Appendix 4 of this report. The list of investigations about which each was queried and the nature of the response, if any, are also given. The recipients were selected as follows. First, the NSSDC AIM file was reviewed to verify that a reliable separation of OSSA-funded investigations (i.e., those of census relevance) from all other investigations was realized. (The NSSDC AIM file captures information about spacecraft missions

Conclusion

This report was intended as a factual accounting of the second phase of the 1990 OSSA data census. It will be followed by several other reports. These will be discipline specific (i.e., corresponding to the individual OSSA Discipline Divisions) reports on the state of data from the inactive missions of each division and then similar reports for the active missions. Note that knowledge of the state of the data from OSSA investigations will have been gleaned from the census results reported herein as well as from other sources. Thus several investigations listed as having no census phase two response in this report will appear in the following reports as having known data situations.

It is these reports that are expected to be provided to discipline-specific groups of scientists under the auspices of the Discipline Divisions for consideration and prioritization for restoration and archiving. It is further expected that, relative to each investigation for which additional data are presently unknown, the advisory groups will either recommend (1) further efforts at learning of more possible data, owing to high continuing intrinsic importance of the data, or (2) the "closing off" of those investigations.

As results of the deliberations of these science groups come in, the database will be updated, until each inactive OSSA investigation either has all its archive-desirable data known to be archived or marked for restoration/archiving, or is written off as having insufficient scientific potential to justify further efforts to find associated archive-desirable data.

In the future, it is expected that new OSSA approaches to data management (early Project Data Management Plans, sufficient staffing of OSSA archives to monitor and support projects'/investigators' adherence to plans for data product generation and archiving, and to maintain the content of relevant information bases about these data) will render census activities such as that reported herein unnecessary.

Acknowledgement

Drs. Joy Beier and Ed Bell of NSSDC have provided excellent support for this effort over the past several months. Dr. Anand Swaroop supported the early part of phase two. Greg Hunolt and Joe Bredekamp at NASA/Headquarters, and Margaret Johnson at JPL, played key roles in the early definition and implementation phases of the overall census effort.

worldwide.) The AIM file characterizes missions as NASA or non- NASA or as joint missions. Since there are various ways in which missions may be joint between NASA and another agency or nation, the investigations on all such joint missions were reviewed to determine which were likely OSSA-funded investigations. Investigation-level (as opposed to spacecraft level) flags were set then to select all OSSA-funded, census-relevant, instrument- level AIM records.

This list was then reviewed at NSSDC. Records corresponding to instruments whose PIs were surveyed in a similar census conducted by NSSDC in 1981 and for which PI replies asserting "no more data beyond what's already at NSSDC" were received, were mostly deleted from the 1990 census effort. (Note that Appendix 5 of this report gives an overview of that 1981 census.) Also, GSFC and JPL scientists were deleted as having been reached during phase one of the 1990 census. Finally, certain very recently launched missions (e.g., the COsmic Background Explorer, COBE) were excluded from the census effort. Not all active investigations (as defined above) were so excluded. In retrospect, this is regrettable, since persons already actively archiving or preparing to archive their data responded quite inconsistently. Also, a few persons who ought to have been surveyed may have been missed; NSSDC staff is reviewing this situation now and is preparing appropriate follow-up action.

Response to the Survey

Appendix 4 reveals that the survey package went to 213 scientists. The survey involved 549 inactive investigations and 106 active investigations. Forty-two of the 213 scientists were involved in active investigations only. Of the 171 scientists associated with one or more inactive investigations, 73 responded with information about one or more of those investigations. It should be noted that some of these responses were stimulated by follow-up contacts by NSSDC staff, when the original deadline for submission of information to NSSDC had passed.

Of the 549 inactive investigations, 167 involved no more archive-desirable data, 37 had more potentially archive-desirable data, while for the remaining 345 there was no response. Appendix 6 discusses further the potentially archive-desirable data identified in the census phase two.

It is noteworthy that the great majority of inactive investigations (82%) for which there were responses have no more potentially archive-desirable data. It is also noteworthy that there were many non-respondents, although it is probable that the fraction of investigations associated with these non-respondents with no further archive-desirable data is at least 82%.

MASA DATA CEMSUS--PEASE 1 REPORT March 12, 1990

Margaret Johnson Editor

Jet Propulsion Laboratory

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report contains a summary of the progress of the NASA Data Census being conducted at Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC) and the Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL). This census was begun in August 1989 at the request of Code EC at NASA in order to determine the quantity and quality of data being stored at NASA centers as well as NASA data being stored by other institutions. The scope of Phase 1 was limited to GSFC and JPL in order to define and implement the Census system on a reasonable scale. Phase 2 of this task will extend the scope of the census to institutions. The information collection for phase 2 should be completed by the end of this fiscal year.

phase 1 of this task represents a four month effort of information collection largely coordinated by G. Hunolt (HQ/EC), M. Johnson (JPL) and J. King (GSFC/NSSDC). The in present is based on that effort. This report describes the implementation of the Census task and also provides a summary of the data collection efforts through January 1, 1990. A complete listing of the data collected as of this date is provided as an appendix to this report. (It should be remembered that this report does not reflect information gathered after this date and is merely a snapshot of the state of the database at that time.) Section 4 of this report shows a sampling of Principal Investigator responses to the Census.

2.0 CENSUS TASK INPLEMENTATION

2.1 Objectives of Phase 1

The objectives of Phase 1 of the Data Census were the following:

- 1. Definition of what information was necessary to include in a "census" entry.
- 2. Development of a database to capture and use the information collected in the census.
- 3. Begin collection efforts at JPL and GSFC for resident data sets.
- Produce a phase 1 report describing progress t date.

2.2 The Census Data Base

The Census data base was developed to capture the following information:

Data Set Name

Spacecraft/platform
Experiment/instrument
Time span and Time resolution
Type and quantity of the media on which the data resides
Status/condition of the media
Status of documentation
Data Set size
Cognizant scientist
Data custodian
Location of the data set
Discipline keywords
Data set Key Parameters
Ancillary data requirements

This database was implemented in an identical fashion at both JPL and GSFC so that both centers could input data. The data was then integrated into a master database.

Analysis of the data base has shown that in order to increase its utility, standardization of values must be accomplished in phase 2. Elements that will track the review and prioritization of the data sets will also be added.

2.3 Information Collection Strategy

Two methods of data collection were employed in phase 1. The first method, used only by JPL, was the collection of existing inventories and integrating them into the database. This method, while identifying large numbers of tapes, furnished very incomplete information. This is because the data kept by some inventories about their holdings was minimal. The most common parameters were the name of the person storing the data, a title, quantity, storage date and media type. This method did provide names to contact using the second method of data collection.

An exception to the minimal information found in inventories, were the archive systems set up to identify science information of interest. Examples of high information content were the NASA Ocean Data System and the Planetary Data System as well as the NASA Master Directory. These systems provided almost all of the information required except for some of the media parameters.

The second method of data collection was the data survey. A form was created and sent to those individuals and organizations that have cognizance of science data. The scope of this effort was focused on the 20 "core" missions identified by NSSDC and CODMAC, which account for the great majority of NSSDC user requests. This method, provided more detailed and useful census entries. The time required, however, to send out, receive and input the survey forms meant that relatively few census entries could be input into the phase 1 database.

The scope of this effort will be expanded in Prise .

3.0 CENSUS DATA SUNCKARY

3.1 Number of spacecraft

Number of spacecraft captured in the database = 72.

Comment. This number includes one phantom mission that contains eleven data sets that did not identify the spacecraft or platform. It also contains a data set called "multi-spacecraft" that will need to be further analyzed. The complete list of missions can be found in Appendix A.

3.2 Number of datasets

Number of datasets in the database = 294 (156 from JPL and 138 from GSFC)

110 datasets were collected using the first method of data collection. 7 datasets of the 138 GSFC datasets are not resident at NSSDC while 3 datasets of the 156 JPL datasets are not resident at JPL.

Comment. This number includes only the data sets that were actually entered into the database. Survey forms have been collected since the cut off that have not been entered. Furthermore, there are sets of data such as at EROS and the University of Iowa that have been identified but have not been entered since it is not clear what responsibility, if any, NASA has for these datasets. Further analysis during phase 2 will clarify this point.

3.3 Number of media types reported.

Media Type	Number Reported
556 7-Track Tape	25
556, 800 Tape	9
800 7-Track Tape	680
800 Tape	801
800, 1600 Tape	48536
800, 1600,6250 Tape	16000
11 in SONY Opt Disc	250
12 in WORM Opt Disk	0
1600 7-Track Tape	150
1600 Tape	11149
1600, 6250 Tape	8199
6250 Tape	14953
6250 Tape FITS	1 56 0
8 MM Tape Cartridges	8
CD-ROM	1
Disk(VAX)& 6250 Tape	ō
Exabyte 8 MM Cart.	0
Optical Disk	33054
Tape	• • • • •
Tape, Mostly	64000 21402
Type Not Specified	21402
*** Total ***	21227
	219277

Comment. As can be seen in the table, not all data sets identified the number of media that the data set resides on. In addition there were datasets that did not identify the media at all. This means that the total number in the table is understated. Phase 2 work will identify the type of media and number for all data sets. It will also break apart combinations such as (800, 1600, 6250 tape).

3.4 Database quality

The quality of the entries in the census database is currently poor. This was expected in Phase 1 due to the information gathering strategy employed. Now that the initial information has been gathered, the census can focus on refining information of current entries as well as adding the survey entries information of current entries as well as adding the survey entries that are continuing to arrive. In addition, MSSDC has recently added staff for the Phase 2 effort to help increase information uniformity.

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APPENDIX 2. GSFC Data Sets Identified in Phase One

Several data sets held in various Goddard laboratories were identified during phase one of the census, but were not included in the Census Phase One Report summarized in Appendix 1 of this report. For completeness, those data sets are identified below.

Code 660, Laboratory for High Energy Astrophysics

Helios A & B CEDR, FLUX, PHA, and RATE databases IMP 6, 7, & 8 Counts, PHA, and FLUX databases ISEE 3 Library and Encyclopedia databases Pioneer 10 & 11 RATE, PHA, and FLUX databases Voyager 1 & 2 Library and Encyclopedia databases

Code 680, Laboratory for Astronomy and Solar Physics

OSO 7 EUV & Soft X-Ray Spectroheliograph data OSO 5 & OSO 8 Hard X-Ray Spectrometer data

Code 690, Laboratory for Extraterrestrial Physics

IMP-B magnetometer data at 20-sec resolution Mariner 10 magnetometer data at 40-msec resolution

Code 910, Laboratory for Atmospheres

AE C, D, & E NACS Geophysical Units data AE C, D, & E NATE Geophysical Units data ISIS 2 RPA Experimenter data tapes PVO OETP data

Code 920, Laboratory for Terrestrial Physics

Tracking data for many spacecraft for gravity studies

Code 940, Goddard Institute for Space Studies

ISCCP B3, C1, and C2 data sets
PVO Photopolarimetry and UV Imagery data
Distributions of Wetlands and of Animal Populations
Global Vegetation & Land Use (UNESCO)
AVHRR-Based Global Vegetation Index
Land Surface Temperature Climatology

Code 970, Laboratory for Hydrospheric Processes

Nimbus 7 SMMR Polar Brightness Temperatures Seasat Ice Sheet Elevations NASA

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

Washington, D.C. 20546

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Dear Colleague:

As NASA moves towards the future with major multi-spacecraft programs such as the Earth Observing System, the Great Observatories in Astrophysics, and the International Solar Terrestrial Physics program, it is important to know the state of NASA's present database, built from years of operations of past and current NASA spacecraft, and to know that the data constituting this invaluable national resource are in a position to be further exploited in the coming years. The key questions are: What data are where, and what is their state?

The National Academy of Science's Committee on Data Management and Computation (CODMAC) has stressed this area in recent reports, and this survey is one of several NASA efforts undertaken in response to this and other CODMAC recommendations.

We would like you to report any data, derived from NASA missions, that you hold that may be of scientific value to other researchers. It is our intent to then work with the science community to prioritize those data sets not now readily accessible to the community, and to take steps to make them conveniently accessible.

The enclosed survey materials contain forms we would like you to complete, along with specific instructions for completing them.

I urge your full cooperation with this very important endeavor to complete the definition of the NASA science database, and I thank you in advance for that cooperation.

Sincerely,

Joseph K. Alexander

Assistant Associate Administrator for

Space Science and Applications

(Science and Applications)

Enclosures

ORIGINAL PAGE IS OF POOR QUALITY

INSTRUCTIONS FOR DATA CENS SURVEY FORMS

You should send to NSSDC, for each lata set you hold which has science content not contained in data sets already archived at NSSDC, a lata Set Identification (DSI) form and a Data Set Description (DSD) form. The Data Set Identification (DSI) form simply identifies the data set, and should be returned by September 7, 1990. The Data Set Description (DSD) form calls for further descriptive information about the data set, and should be returned by October 5, 1990.

Note that copies of each of these two forms are attached. Also, for persons with electronic access to NSSDC, the forms may be copied from the following files: NSSDCA::[ANONYMOUS.FORMS]DSI.FORM and NSSDCA::[ANONYMOUS.FORMS]DSD.FORM to your directory for completing with an editor and returning to NSSDC via E-mail to SPAN: NCF::SWAROOP. Additional enclosures in this package are guidelines for providing the various information items requested (also on

NSSDCA::[ANONYMOUS.FORMS]GDLNS.TET) and the valid discipline keyword lists which will be used for database subsetting for discipline-specific review (also on

NSSDCA::[ANONYMOUS.FORMS]EWRDS.TET). It is intended that the collected information will be used to define, with science community involvement, a prioritized list of those data sets most in need of resource expenditure to bring them, and their documentation, to a state of community accessibility and usability.

Attached also is a list of spacecraft and instruments, and resulting data sets at NSSDC, which we have associated with you. If in fact there is another person we should be in touch with about any of these, please call Dr. Anand Swaroop at NSSDC (301-794-5268) or myself (301-286-7355) with the identification of the right person. Please note that if you have no additional data sets beyond those already archived at NSSDC, or have no possibility of significantly extending any NSSDC-held datasets beyond their present extents, then one copy of the DSI form should still be returned to us informing us of this.

As separate items, we are also interested in the correctness and completeness of the contents of our personnel database and of our Master Directory database of accessible/usable data sets. We have included a listing of your record from our personnel database, and ask that you return it, annotated as appropriate or fill the blank Personnel Information sheet (also on NSSDC::(ANONYMOUS.FORMS)PINFO.TET), with your DSI form(s).

With respect to the Master Directory, if you have data sets which you are willing to share with the community from your site, either electronically, or by replicating data volumes, then we request that we indicate this at the appropriate place on the DSI form. If, on the other hand, you have data sets you'd like to transfer to MSSDC (or another NASA archive) for community accessibility, please indicate this c the DSI form.

If you have any questions, please call or send E-mail to Dr. Swaroop (301-794-5268) or myself.

Joseph H. King

Head, Central Data Services Facility

National Space Science Data Center, Code 933

Goddard Space Flight Center Greenbelt, Maryland 20771

(SPAN: NCF::KING)

DATA SET IDENTIFICATION (DSI) FORM (1990 DATA CENSUS SURVEY)

1.	Do you hold unarchived NASA Space/Earth Science data? (Y/N):
	If you answered N. go to 10 below, and then return this form.
	If you answered Y, then please answer questions 2-9 on separate
	copies of this form for each data set.)

- 2. Data Set Name (< 80 characters):
- 3. Spacecraft:
- 4. Instrument:
- 5. Media (e.g., magnetic tape):

Approximate number of media (if readily estimated):

- 6. Is this an extension of an already archived data set? (Y/N):
- 7. Best person for further information about this data set:

Name:

Telephone No.:

8. Can/will you archive this data set (or extension) soon, as being of likely community interest and as having adequate documentation for secondary use? (Y/N):

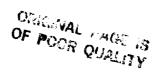
(A Yes to this question will bring a call from NSSDC, or possibly from some more appropriate discipline-specific NASA archive staff, to pursue arrangements for transfer of data/documentation; a No does not preclude eventual archiving.)

- If you ensured 8 negatively, are you willing to share this data set with the research community from your site? (Y/N):
 - (A Yes to this question will bring a call from the NASA Master Directory staff.)
- 10. Any general comments (or lack thereof) about the data described above?

Your Name:

Telephone:

EMAIL:



DATA SET DESCRIPTION (DSD) FORM (1990 DATA CENSUS SURVEY)

(Note the companion sheet with brief discussions for providing answers to these questions)

Data Set Name (as provided on DSI form):	
Spacecraft:	
Instrument:	
Media: (e.g., 6250 bpi mag tape):	
Number of media:	
Byte size estimate:	
Time span:	
Time resolution:	
Spatial extent:	
Spatial resolution:	•
Primary discipline keyword(s) (see list):	
Secondary discipline keyword(s) (see list):	a_{ij}^{k}
Scientists	
Name: Telephone: E-mail:	
Person responsible for data maintenance:	
	•

Telephone: E-mail:

DATA SET DESCRIPTION (DSD) FORM (Page 2 of 3) Current Data location: Parameters: Quality Control or validation procedures used: Ancillary data: Adequacy of documentation (& effort to create/appreds if needed):

State of the media:

DATA SET DESCRIPTION (DSD) FORM (Page 3 of 3)

Importance of the data set (your opinion):

Other comments:

Your Name:



DATA CENSUS SURVEY - GUIDELINES FOR DATA SET DESCRIPTION FORM

This Guideline is intended to define the various information items to be provided as part of the data census. Some fields may have multiple values for a few data sets: if so, please add additional lines at the end of the form. Not all fields may be appropriate for each data set.

Data Set Name: A descriptive, informative name. If the data is widely known by a less descriptive but common name, then use the common name (up to 80 characters).

Spacecraft: Common name of the spacecraft, or equivalent platform, from which data set was obtained (up to 40 characters).

Instrument: Common name (e.g., magnetometer) or proper name (e.g., Total Ozone Mapping Spectrometer) of the instrument collecting the data (up to 40 characters).

Media: The media used in storing the data set such as magnetic tape, magnetic cartridge, optical disk, microfilm, microfiche, black/white and color photograph.

Number of Volume: The total number of media units (magnetic tapes, etc.)

Byte Size Estimate: Specify an estimated byte count for the data set.

Time Spea: Specify in the form YY/MM/DD - YY/MM/DD.

Time Resolution: (Typical) time interval between successive like data records or measurements in the data set. (What is the time resolution of the phenomena addressable with these data?)

Spatial Extent: For non-global Earth remote sensing data sets, specify latitude and longitude for lower left and upper right corners in the format LL: \pm LT, \pm LON: UR: \pm LT, \pm LON. For example, LL: -20, -160; UR: \pm 20, +100. Note that south latitudes and west longitudes are negative. For global data sets, answer "Global".

Spetial Resolution: Typically relevant to Earth remote sensing gridded data sets. Specify needed information-number(s) and units thereof (up to 20 characters). The units should be in km for Earth and Arcsec for Astro.

Primary and Secondary Disciplinary Keywords: These are intended to (mostly) mirror the (present) discipline organizational structures at NASA/HQ. These will facilitate the selection and prioritization of data sets for restoration/archiving/etc. by discipline-specific science advisory groups. Multiple values are acceptable. Permissible values are given in the attachment to the guideline.

Scientist: Knowledgeable person, possibly the Principal Investigator, who can discuss the scientific content and significance of the data set, and the state of the associated documentation. Specify full address, telephone number, and E-mail address if available.

Data Person: Person responsible for the continued maintenance of the data volumes. Specify name, telephone number, and E-mail address if available.

Current Data Location: Where are the data physically held (e.g., facility, building, room)?

Parameters: likely values are "sensor outputs" for telemetry data (irrespective of extent to which ancillary data are folded in), "images", "radiances," or specification of the important geophysical parameters (e.g., temperature relative humidity, etc.) derived from the sensor outputs and contained in the data set.

Quality/Validation: Discuss the extent to which the data have been validated and/or quality controlled. Discuss parameter uncertainties and errors still in the data.

Ancillary Data: Are the ancillary data needed to select, retrieve, and correctly interpret the science data of the data set contained within the data set? If not, where are they and how are they accessed?

Adequacy of the Documentation: Is the documentation needed to enable an advanced graduate student in the data's discipline to retrieve and correctly use the data readily available. If this is a low level data set (e.g., sensor outputs), then are data processing software available? What is the state of documentation of this software? How transportable is it?

Effort to Create/Upgrade Documentation: Specify your estimate for creation of the needed documentation, if it does not already exist. On what premises do you base your estimate?

State of Media: This information is intended to estimate the imminence of data volume deterioration. Discussion should include the age range of the media, durations since media was last read, conditions under which data volumes have been stored, recent experiences in trying to read these media, etc.

DATA CENSUS SURVEY PERMISSIBLE DISCIPLINE KEYWORDS

Primary keywords are capitalized and underlined. Secondary keywords are capitalized and discussions of these follow in lower case.

ASTROPHYSICS

HIGH ENERGY (X-rays, Gamma Rays; not cosmic ray particles)
OPTICAL/LV
LOW ENERGY (infrared, radio waves, microwaves,etc.)

EARTH SCIENCE

ATMOSPHERE (from just above land/ocean surface to 80 km)
LAND SURFACE
OCEAN (hydrosphere)
GEOPHYSICS (seismology, low altitude magnetometry, gravimetry, etc.)

LIFE SCIENCE

MICROGRAVITY (materials science, etc.)

PLANETARY/LUNAR

LUNAR

GEOLOGY
ATMOSPHERES
F&P (fleids & particles)
SMALL BODIES (comets, asteroids, etc.)
IMAGING
NAIF (JPL facility for ephemeris data, etc.)

SOLAR/SPACE PRIVICE

SOLAR (electromagnetic)
HELIOSPHERE (cosmic rays, solar wind, etc.)
MAGNETOSPHERE
IONOSPHERE (including neutral atmosphere down to 80 km)



a.*

APPENDIX 4. Investiators Surveyed and Their Responses

This appendix identifies the scientists surveyed during phase two of the 1990 OSSA data census. Further details about the data identified during this census, related to inactive investigations, are given in Appendix 6. (An asterisk before an experiment designates an experiment on board a spacecraft that is either still active or still has an active project office or archival effort.)

PI Experim	ent Name	Response
		+ Response Key
		N = No response R/N = No more data R/Y = More data
OSO 8, MAPPING	CHEED PALO ALTO, CA S X-RAY HELIOMETER AY POLYCHROMATOR	N R/Y
Alexander, W. M E IMP-E, MICROME MARINER 2, CO MARINER 4, CO	SMIC DUST	N N N
Alley, C. O U. OF APOLLO 11 OLM	MARYLAND, COLLEGE PARK, ÆASEP LASER RANGING RE	, MD TROREFLECTOR N
METEO. TECH. S	SA-LARC, HAMPTON, VA SAT., IMPACT FLUX SAT., METRO. VELO.	R/N R/N
VIKING 1 LANDE	ALIF. INST. TECH., PASADEN R, SEISMOLOGY R, SEISMOLOGY	IA, CA R⁄N R⁄N
MARINER 2, COS OGO 2, COSMIC	CIENCE APPL., INC., SEATTL SMIC RAY IONIZATION RAY IONIZATION RAY + POLAR REGION ION	E, WA N N

Anderson, K. A U. OF CALIF., BERKELEY, BERKELEY, CA	
APOLLO 15D, PART. SHADOW LAYER, S173	N
APOLLO 16D, PART. SHADOW LAYER, S173	N
IMP-A, ENERGETIC PARTICLE EXP	N
IMP-B, TOTAL IONIZATION EXP	N
IMP-C, TOTAL IONIZATION EXP	N
IMP-D, ION CHAMBER + GIEGR CNTR	N
IMP-E, ENERGETIC PART. FLUX	N
IMP-F, ION CHAMBER	N
IMP-G, CHANNELTRON PRTCL. DET.	N
IMP-G, ION CHAMBER	N
IMP-I, GM DET. PROT. + ELECT	N
*ISEE 1, ELECTRONS AND PROTONS	N
*ISEE 2, ELECTRONS AND PROTONS	N
*ISEE 3, X- AND GAMMA-RAY BURSTS	N
OGO 1, SOLAR COSMIC RAYS	N
OGO 3, SOLAR COSMIC RAYS	N
OGO 5, XRAY + PART. DET., SOLAR FLARE	N
Argo, H. V LOS ALMOS NAT. LAB., LOS ALMOS, NM	
OSO 6. SOLAR X-RAYS, 16-40A	N
030 0, 30EAN A-NATO, 10-40A	11
Arnold, J. R U. OF CALIF. SAN DIEGO, LA JOLLA, CA	
APOLLO 15A, GAMMA-RAY SPECTROMETER	N
APOLLO 16A, GAMMA-RAY SPECTROMETER	Ñ
RANGER 4, GAMMA RAY	N
RANGER 5, GAMMA RAY	N
Arnoidy, R. L U. OF NEW HAMPSHIRE, DURHAM, NH	
ATS 6, LOW ENERGY PRTN-ELECTRON	R/N
Bader, M NASA-ARC, MOFFETT FIELD, CA	
EPE-A, ELETROSTATIC ANALYZ.	N
Delega M. D. LITALI OTATE II. LOCANI LIT	
Baker, K. D UTAH STATE U., LOGAN, UT	N.I.
EXPL 6, TELEVISION	N
Bame, S. J LOS ALMOS NAT. LAB., LOS ALMOS, NM	
IMP-I, PLASMA	N
IIVIF-1, FLASMA	14
Banks, P. M STANFORD U., STANFORD, CA	
SPACELAB 2, VHCLE CHRGE + POT. (VCAP)	N
STS 3, VEHICLE CHARG. + POTEN EXP.	Ň
Barkstrom, B.R NASA-LARC, HAMPTON, VA	
*ERBS, EARTH RADN. BUDGET EXP/ERBE	RY

Barnes, A NASA-ARC, MOFFETT FIELD, CA *PIONEER Venus 1, Plasma Analyzer	N
Barth, C. A U. OF COLORADO, BOULDER, CO AE-C, UV NITRIC OXIDE EXP. (UVNO) AE-D, UV NITRIC OXIDE EXP. (UVNO) MARINER 5, UV PHOTOMETER EXPER. MARINER 6, UV SPECTROMETER EXPER. MARINER 7, UV SPECTROMETER EXPER. MARINER 9, UV SPECTROMETER OGO 2, AIRGLOW STUDY OGO 4, UV AIRGLOW SPECTROMETER OGO 5, UV AIRGLOW, 1304A AND 1216A OGO 6, UV PHOTOMTR. 1304A + 1216A OSO 8, HIGH-RESOLUTION UV SPECTROMETER SME, INFRARED RADIOMETER SME, LIMB VIEWING UV OZONE SPECTROMETER SME, NEAR IR (1.27-MICRON) SPECTROMETER SME, SOLAR PROTON ALARM SME, SOLAR UV MONITOR SME, VISIBLE NITROGEN DIOXIDE	22222222222
Bates, J.R NASA-JSC, HOUSTON, TX APOLLO 14C, LUNAR DUST DETECTOR	N
Bedo, D.E USAF GEOPHYS. LAB., BEDFORD, MA OGO 6, SOLAR UV, 170-1700A	N
Belcher, J.W MASS. INST. OF TECH., CAMBRIDGE, MA *VOYAGER 1, PLASMA SPECTROMETER *VOYAGER 2, PLASMA SPECTROMETER	RY RY
Benton, E.V U. OF CALIF. SAN FRANC., SAN FRANCISCO, CA SPACELAB 1, HZE-PARTICLE DOSIMETRY	R/Y
Biemann, K MASS. INST. OF TECH., CAMBRIDGE, MA VIKING 1 LANDER, MOLEC. ANALYSIS VIKING 2 LANDER, MOLEC. ANALYSIS	R/N R/N
Boese, R. W NASA-ARC, MOFFETT FIELD, CA *PIO78PB, IR RADIOMETER	N
Bohn, J.L TEMPLE U., PHILADELPHIA, PA OGO 1, INTERPLAN DUST PARTICLES OGO 3, INTERPLAN DUST PARTICLES	N N

Bostrom, C.O APPLIED PHYSICS LAB., LAUREL, MD IMP-F, SOLAR PROTON MONITOR IMP-G, SOLAR PROTON MONITOR IMP-I, SOLAR PROTON MONITOR	N N N
Bowyer, C. S U. OF CALIF., BERKELEY, BERKELEY, CA ASTP, EUV SURVEY (MA-083) ASTP, HELIUM GLOW (MA-088) SPACELAB 1, FAR UV OBSERVATIONS	R/N R/N R/N
Bridge, H. S MASS. INST. OF TECH., CAMBRIDGE,MA IMP-A, FARADAY CUP IMP-B, FARADAY CUP IMP-C, FARADAY CUP IMP-D, FARADAY CUP IMP-H, SOLAR PLASMA, FARA. CUP MARINER 10, SCAN. ELCTOSTAT. ANALYZR MARINER 4, FARADAY CUP MARINER 5, FARADAY CUP OGO 1, FARADAY CUP OGO 3, FARADAY CUP P 14, FARADAY CUP P 14, FARADAY CUP PLASMA PROBE PIONEER 6, FARADAY CUP	22222522222
Brinton, H. C NASA HEADQUARTERS, WASH., DC AE-B, RF ION MASS AE-C, BENNETT ION MASS SPEC. (BIMS) AE-E, BENNETT ION MASS SPEC. (BIMS)	R/N R/N R/N
Broadfoot, A. L U. OF SOUTHERN CALIF., TUSCON, AZ *VOYAGER 1, UV SPECTROMETER *VOYAGER 2, UV SPECTROSCOPY MARINER 10, EUV SPECTROSCOPY	2 2 2
Brown, W. L BELL TELEPHONE LAB., MURRAY HILL, NJ: ATS 1, PARTICLE TELESCOPE ATS 2, PARTICLE TELESCOPE ATS 2, VLF RECEIVER, 5-45 EPE-C, ANGULAR DISTRIBUTION EPE-C, ELECTRON ENERGY DISTR. EPE-D, CHARGED PARTICLES IMP-F, LOW ENERGY TELESCOPE IMP-G, LOW ENERGY TELESCOPE RELAY 1, CHARGED PARTICLE DETS. RELAY 2, P-N JUNCT. ELEC., PROT. DETS.	

Brueckner, G. EUS NAVAL RESEARCH LAB., WASH., DC SPACELAB 2, HRTS, SOLAR UV TEL/SP SPACELAB 2, SUSIM, SOLAR UV MONIT. STS 3, SOLAR UV SPECTRAL IRRAD.	RY RY R/N
Burch, J. L SOUTHWEST RES. INST., SAN ANTONIO, TX *DYNAMICS EXPLORER 1 HIGH ALTITUDE PLASMA	R/Y
Burnett, D. S CALIF. INST. OF TECH., PASADENA, CA APOLLO 17 LM/ALSEP NEUTRON PROBE	N
Cahill, JR., L. J U. OF MINNESOTA, MINNEAPOLIS, MN EPE-A, 3-AXIS FLUX. MAGNETOMETERS EPE-B, FLUX-GATE MAGNETOMETERS EPE-C, FLUXGATE MAGNETOMETER EPE-D, MAGNETIC FIELD S-CUBED A, FLUXGATE MAGNETOMETERS S-CUBED A, SRCH COIL MAGNETOMETERS	N N N N
Cain, J. C US GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, DENVER, CO OGO 2, RUBIDIUM VAPOR MAGNETOMETER OGO 4, MAGNETIC FIELD SURVEY OGO 6, MAG. SURVEY, RUBID. VAP. MAGNETOMETERS	R/N R/N R/N
Carignan, G. R U. OF MICHIGAN, ANN ARBOR, MI *DE-B, NEUT. ATMOS. COMP. SPECTR. (NACS)	N
Carr, M. H US GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, MENLO PARK, CA VIKING 1 ORBITER, IMAGERY VIKING 2 ORBITER, IMAGERY	R/N R/N
Carruthers, G. R US NAVAL RESEARCH LAB., WASH., DC APOLLO 16C, FAR UV CAMERA/SPECT. SKYLAB, UV CAMERA	R/N R/N
Champion, K. S. W USAF GEOPHYS. LAB., BEDFORD, MA AE-C, TRIAX. ACC. SYS. (MESA) AE-D, TRIAX. ACC. SYS. (MESA) AE-E, TRIAX. ACC. SYS. (MESA)	N N R⁄N
Chappell, C. R NASA-MSFC, HUNTSVILLE, AL *DYN. EXPL. 1 RETARDING ION MASS SPECTROMETER	RY
Chase, JR., S. C SANTA BARBARA RES. CTR., GOLETA, CA MARINER 10 TWO-CHANNEL IR RADIOMETER	N

Chubb, T. A US NAVAL RESEARCH LAB., WASH., DC OSO 2, SOLAR X-RAY BURST OSO 4, SOLAR X-RAY DETECTOR OSO 5, SOLAR X-RAY, 0.5-60A	N N N
Chupp, E. L U. OF NEW HAMPSHIRE, DURHAM, NH OSO 7, GAMMA RAY SPECT. 0.3-10MEV *SMM, GAMMA-RAY SPECTROMETER (GRE)	N R⁄Y
Clark, M. A AEROSPACE CORP., EL SEGUNDO, CA OGO 6, LYMAN-ALPHA PHOTOMETER	N
Clark, G. W MASS. INST. OF TECH., CAMBRIDGE, MA OSO 3, CELESTIAL GAMMA-RAY DETECT OSO 7, X-RAY SOURCES, 1.5-9A SAS-C, EXTRAGALACTIC 1.5-10KEV SAS-C, GALACTIC ABS. 0.2-10KEV SAS-C, GALACTIC MONITOR 1.8-8KEV SAS-C, SCORPIO MONITOR 0.4-80KEV	R N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
Code, A. D U. OF WISCONSIN, AMDISON, WI OAO 2, STELLAR PHOTOM 900-3000A	R/N
Coleman, JR., P. J U. OF CALIF., LA, LOS ANGELES, CA APOLLO 15D, MAGNETOMETER, S174 APOLLO 16D, MAGNETOMETER, S174 ATS 1, BIAX FLUXGATE MAGNETOMETER ATS 6, MAGNETOMETER, 3 AXIS FLUXGATE EXPL 6, FLUXGATE MAGNETOMETER MARINER 2, 3 AXIS FLUXGATE MAGNETOMETER OGO 5, ELECTRON PITCH ANGLE DIST. OGO 5, TRIAX. FLUXGATE MAGNETOMETER	RN RN RN RN RN RN RN
Counselman, C. C MASS. INST. OF TECH., CAMBRIDGE, MA *PIO78PB, ATMS. CIRCULATION PATTERNS *PIO78PC, ATMS. CIRCULATION PATTERNS *PIO78PD, ATMS. CIRCULATION PATTERNS *PIO78PE, ATMS. CIRCULATION PATTERNS	R/N R/N R/N R/N
Cour-Palais, B. G NASA-JSC, HOUSTON, TX APOLLO 11A, WINDOW METEOROID DET. APOLLO 12A, WINDOW METEOROID APOLLO 13A, WINDOW METEOROID APOLLO 14A, METEOROID WINDOW APOLLO 15A, WINDOW METEOROID (S176) APOLLO 17A, WINDOW METEOROID (S176)	N N N N N

Cowings, P. S NASA-ARC, MOFFETT FIELD, CA SPACELAB 3, AUTOGENIC TRAINING	N
Croft, T. A SRI INTERNATIONAL, MENLO PARK, CA MARINER 5, TWO FREQUENCY BEACON PIONEER 7, TWO FREQUENCY BEACON *PIO78PB, ATMOS. PROPAGATION (MPRO) *PIO78PC, ATMOS. PROPAGATION (MPRO) *PIO78PD, ATMOS. PROPAGATION (MPRO) *PIONEER Venus 1, Radio Science	R/N R/N N N N N N N
Crook, G. M GAINES M. CROOK ASSOC., CANOGA PARK, CA OGO 5, PLASMA WAVES, ELEC + MAG ANT.	N
Darosa, A. V STANFORD U., STANFORD, CA ATS 1, RADIO BEACON ATS 3, IONS PROPAGATION EXPER. ATS 5, BEACON	N N N
Davies, K NOAA-ERL, BOULDER, CO ATS 6, RADIO BEACON	N
De Vaucouleurs, G. H U. OF TEXAS, AUSTIN, TX MARINER 9 MARTIAN MAPPING	N
Doering, J. P JOHN HOPKINS U., BALTIMORE, MD AE-C, PHOTOELECT. SPEC. (PES) AE-D, PHOTOELECT. SPEC. (PES) AE-E, PES-PHOTOELECT SPECTROMETER	N N N
Doyle, F. J US GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, RESTON, VA APOLLO 15A, HANDHELD PHOTOGRAPHY APOLLO 15A, METRIC PHOTOGRAPHY APOLLO 16A, METRIC PHOTOGRAPHY APOLLO 16A, PANORAMIC PHOTOGRAPHY APOLLO 17A, HANDHELD PHOTOGRAPHY APOLLO 17A, METRIC PHOTOGRAPHY APOLLO 17A, PANORAMIC PHOTOGRAPHY	R/N R/N R/N R/N R/N R/N R/N
Dyal, P NASA-ARC, MOFFETT FIELD, CA APOLLO 14C, PORTABLE MAGNETOMETER APOLLO 15C, LUNAR SURFACE MAGNETOMETER APOLLO 16C, LUNAR SURFACE MAGNETOMETER APOLLO 16C, PORTABLE MAGNETOMETER	N N N

EI-Baz, F ITEK CORP., LEXINGTON, MA APOLLO 14A, PHOTOGRAPHY ASTP, EARTH OBS. + PHOTOS (MA-136)	R/N R/N
Erickson, W. C U. OF MARYLAND, COLLEGE PARK, MD IMP-I, UMD/GSFC RADIO ASTR.	N
Eshelman, V. R STANFORD U., STANFORD, CA PIONEER 6, TWO FREQUENCY RECEIVER PIONEER 9, TWO FREQUENCY BEACON PIONEER 8, TWO FREQUENCY BEACON	R/N R/N R/N
Evans, D. S NOAA- ERL, BOULDER, CO OGO 3, LOW ENERGY PROTON ANALYZER OGO 6, AURORAL E + P, 1-20KEV.	N N
Evans, W. D LOS ALAMOS NAT. LAB., LOS ALAMOS, NM PIONEER VENUS 1 Gamma-Ray BURST Detector (OGBD)	N
Faller, J. E U. OF COLORADO, BOULDER, CO APOLLO 14C, LASER RETRO-REFLECTOR APOLLO 15C, LASER RETRO-REFLECTOR	N N
Fastie, W. G JOHN HOPKINS U., BALTIMORE, MD APOLLO 17A, FAR UV SPECTROMETER	R/N
Fazio, G. G SAO, CAMBRIDGE, MA OSO 1, HIGH ENERGY GAMMA SPACELAB 2, INFRARED TELESCOPE	R/N R/N
Fillius, R. W U. OF CALIF., SAN DIEGO, LA JOLLA, CA *PIONEER 10, JOVIAN TRAPPED PARTICLE *PIONEER 11, JOVIAN TRAPPED PARTICLE	N N
Foshee, L. L USA ELECTRONICS CMD, FORT BELVOIR, VA NIMBUS 1, HRIR NIMBUS 2, HRIR	N N
Frank, L. A U. OF IOWA, IOWA CITY, IA IMP-G, LEPEDA, LOW ENERGY PROTON + ELECTRON IMP-G, SECOND LEPEDEA IMP-H, LEPEDEA 25EV-50KEV IMP-I, ELECTRON + PROTON, 25EV-50KEV INJUN 5, LOW ENERGY PROTON + ELECTRON DIFFEANAL OGO 3, LOW ENERGY ELECTRON + PROTON OGO 5, CYL. ANAL., ELECTRON + PROTON/GM TUBE	RY RY RY RY RY RY

APOLLO 12C, SUPRATHERMAL ION APOLLO 14C, SUPRATHERMAL ION APOLLO 15C, SUPRATHERMAL ION ATS 1, SUPRATHERMAL ION DETECTOR	R/N R/N R/N
Friedman, H. D US NAVAL RESEARCH LAB., WASH., DC ASTP, SKY-EARTH SOFT X-RAY (MA-048) HEAO 1, LARGE AREA X-RAY SURVEY OSO 4, SOLAR X-RAY SPECT, 1-8A	N N N
Fritz, T. A NOAA-ERL, BOULDER, CO ATS 6, LOW ENERGY PROTONS S-CUBED A, 25-872KEV PROT. + ALPDET	N N
Gehrels, T U. OF ARIZONA, TUSCON, AZ *PIONEER 10, IMAGE PHOTOPOLARIMETER *PIONEER 11, IMAGE PHOTOPOLARIMETER	N N
Giacconi, R SPACE TELESCOPE SCI. IN., BALTIMORE, MD HEAO 2, CRYSTAL X-RAY SPECTROMETER HEAO 2, HIGH-RESOLUTION IMAGERY HEAO 2, IMAGING PROPORTIONAL CENTER HEAO 2, MONITOR PROPORTIONAL CENTER HEAO 2, SOLID-STATE SPECTRM (SSS) OSO 4, EXTRASOLAR X-RAY DETECTOR OSO 4, SOLAR X-RAY TELESCOPE SAS-A, XRAY ALL-SKY SURVEY	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
Gille, J. C NATL. CTR. FOR ATMOS. RES., BOULDER, CO NIMBUS 6, LIMB RAD INVER RAD., LRIR	N
Gloeckler, G. U. OF MARYLAND, COLLEGE PARK, MD *AMPTE/CCE, CHARGE-E-MASS SPECTROMETER IMP-H, SOLR IONS + ELEC., 100KEV	R/Y R/Y
Gorenstein, P HARVARD COLLEGE OBS., CAMBRIDGE, MA APOLLO 15A, ALPHA PART. SPECTROMETER, S162 APOLLO 16A, ALPHA-PART. SPECTROMETER, S162	R/N R/N
Gosling, J. T LOS ALMOS NAT. LAB., LOS ALMOS, NM IMP-H, PLASMA ELECTRO. ANALYZER *IMP-J, PLASMA, ELECTRO. ANALYZER *ISEE 1, FAST PLASMA + SOL WIND ION *ISEE 3, SOLAR WIND PLASMA	RYY RYY RYY

Greenstadt, E. W TRW SYSTEMS GROUP, REDONDO BEACH, CA *ISEE 3 Plasma waves spectrum analyzer PIONEER 5 SEARCH-COIL MAGNETOMETER	N N
Gurnett, D. A U. OF IOWA, IOWA CITY, IA *DE-A, PLASMA WAVE INSTRUMENT(PWZ) HAWKEYE 1 ELF/VLF IMP-I, IOWA AC ELECT+MAG FLDS IMP-I ELECTROSTATIC WAVES AND RADIO NOISE (PROJECT) *IMP-J ELECTROSTATIC WAVES AND RADIO NOISE INJUN 5 VLF RECEIVER, 30CPS-16KC *ISEE 1 PLASMA WAVES *ISEE 2 PLASMA WAVES S-CUBED A, AC ELCT. FLD. MSRE STS 3/OSS-1 PLASMA DIAGNOSTIC PACKAGE *VOYAGER 1 PLASMA WAVE (.01-56KHZ) *VOYAGER 2 PLASMA WAVE (.01-56KHZ)	2222222 8 8
Gurtier, C. A NASA-LARC, HAMPTON, VA LUNAR ORBITER 1, METEOROID DETS. LUNAR ORBITER 2, METEOROID DETS. LUNAR ORBITER 3, METEOROID DETS. LUNAR ORBITER 4, METEOROID DETS. LUNAR ORBITER 5, METEOROID DETS. S 55A PRESSURIZED CELL MICROMETEORITE DETECTOR S 55B PRESSURIZED CELL MICROMETEORITE DETECTOR S 55C PRESSURIZED CELLS	222222
Haddock, F. T U. OF MICHIGAN, ANN ARBOR, MI IMP-I, MICH. RADIO ASTRONOMY OGO 1, RADIO ASTRO,. 24MC, 2-4MC OGO 2, RADIO ASTRONOMY 2, 2.5 MHZ OGO 2 ELECTRON DENSITY MEASUREMENTS OGO 3, 4-2 MHZ SOLAR BURSTS OGO 4, RADIO ASTRO, 2.5, 2.0 MHZ OGO 5, RADIO ASTRO, 50KHZ-3.5MHZ	RN RN RN RN RN RN RN
Hallinan, T. J U. OF ALASKA, FAIRBANKS, AK STS-51B/SPACELAB 3, AURORAL IMAGING	R/N
Hanson, W. B U. OF TEXAS, DALLAS, RICHARDSON, TX AE-C, RETARD POTL ANALYZER (RPA) AE-D, RETARD POTL ANALYZER (RPA) AE-E, RPA-RETARDING POTENT ANALYZER *DE-B, RETARDING POTENT, ANALYZER (RPA) OGO 6, ION MASS SPECT. OGO 6, PLANAR ION TRAP	RVN RVN RVN RVN RVN

Hargraves, R. B PRINCETON U., PRINCETON, NJ VIKING 1 LANDER, MAGNETIC PROP. VIKING 2 LANDER, MAGNETIC PROP.	N N
Hart, J. E U. OF COLORADO, BOULDER, CO SPACELAB 3, GEOPHY. FLUID FLOW CELL	N
Hays, P. B U. OF MICHIGAN, ANN ARBOR, MI AE-C, VISIBLE AIRGLOW EXP. (VAE) AE-D, VISIBLE AIRGLOW EXP. (VAE) AE-E, VISIBLE AIRGLOW EXP. (VAE) *DE-B, FABRY-PEROT INTERFER. (FPI)	RY RY RY RY
Heelis, R. A U. OF TEXAS, DALLAS, RICHARDSON, TX *DE-B, ION DRIFT METER (IDM)	RY
Helliwell, R. A STANFORD U., STAFORD, CA *DE-A, WAVE PARTICLE INTERACTINS. THEORY EXPL 6, VLF RECEIVER *ISEE 1, VLF WAVE PROPAGATION OGO 1, VLF RECEIVER OGO 2, VLF RECEIVERS (012-100KHZ) OGO 3, VLF RECEIVER OGO 4, VLF RECEIVER OGO 6, VLF RECEIVER, 20HZ-30KHZ	N RY RY RY RY RY
Hemenway, C. L DUDLEY OBS., ALBANY, NY LUNAR ORBITER 2, MICROMETEORITES	N
Hinteregger, H. E USAF GEOPHYS. LAB., BEDFORD, MA AE-C, SOLAR EUV SPECTROMETER (EUVS) AE-D, SOLAR EUV SPECTROMETER (EUVS) AE-E, SOLAR EUV SPECTROMETER (EUVS) OGO 2, SOLAR UV SPECTROMETER OGO 4, SOLAR UV SPECTROMETER OSO 3, SOLAR EUV, 260-1300A	2 2 2 2 2
Hoffman, J. H U. OF TEXAS, DALLAS, RICHARDSON, TX AE-C, MAG. ION MASS SPEC. (MIMS) AE-D, MAG. ION MASS SPEC. (MIMS) APOLLO 15, CSM MASS SPECTROMETER APOLLO 16, CSM ORBITAL MASS SPECTROMETER APOLLO 17, LWALSEP ATMOSPHERIC COMPOSITION *PIONEER VENUS PROBE LARGE NEUTRAL PARTICLE MASS SPECTROMETER (LNMS)	R/N R/N R/N R/N R/N

Hovis, W. A NOAA-NESDIS, SUITLAND, MD NIMBUS 4 FILTER WEDGE SPECTROMETER (FWS) NIMBUS 5 SFC COMP. MAPPING RADIOMETER (SCMR) *NIMBUS 7, COASTAL ZONE COLOR SCANNER (CZCS)	N R/N N
Howard, H. T STANFORD U., STANFORD, CA APOLLO 14, CSM DOWN-LINK BISTATIC RADAR OBVS. APOLLO 15, CSM BISTATIC RADAR APOLLO 16, CSM BISTATIC RADAR MARINER 10, S- AND X-BAND RADIO PROPAGATION	N N N
Ingersoil, A. P CALIF. INST. OF TECH., PASADENA, CA *PIONEER 10, INFRARED RADIOMETER *P'ONEER 11, INFRARED RADIOMETER	N N
Ipa: ch, F. M U. OF MARYLAND, COLLEGE PARK, MD *IMP-J, SOLID STATE DETECTORS	N
Israel, M. H WASHINGTON U., SAINT LOUIS, MO HEAO 3, HEAVY NUCLEI	N
Jacchia, L. G SAO, CAMBRIDGE, MA AD-A, NONSYST. CHANGES AIR DENSITY AD-B, NONSYST. CHANGES AIR DENSITY AD-C, NONSYST. CHANGES AIR DENSITY EXPLORER 8, ATMOS. DRAG DENSITY OV3-3 SATELLITE DRAG ATMOSPHERIC DENSITY VANGUARD 2 SATELLITE DRAG ATMOSPHERIC DENSITY VANGUARD 3 SATELLITE DRAG ATMOSPHERIC DENSITY	N N N N N N N N N N N N
Johnson, F. S U. OF TEXAS, DALLAS, RICHARDSON, TX APOLLO 12C, COLD CATHODE ION APOLLO 14C, COLD CATHODE ION GAUGE APOLLO 15C, COLD CATHODE ION	R/N R/N R/N
Jones, L. M U. OF MICHIGAN, ANN ARBOR, MI OGO 2, NEUTRAL PART + ION CO OGO 4, NEUTRAL PARTICLE-ION	N N
Judge, D. L U. OF SOUTHERN CALIF., LOS ANGELES, CA *PIONEER 10, UV PHOTOMETER, 200-800A *PIONEER 11, UV PHOTOMETER, 200-800A	N N
Kapion, M. F U. OF ROCHESTER, ROCHESTER, NY OSO 3, COSMIC RAY CHARGE SPECTRUM	N

.

Kaula, W. M U. OF CALIF., LA, LOS ANGELES, CA APOLLO 15, CSM LASER ALTIMETER APOLLO 16, CSM LASER ALTIMETER APOLLO 17, CSM LASER ALTIMETER	N N N
Keating, G. M NASA LARC, HAMPTON, VA AD-A, SYSTEMATIC CHANGES AIR DEN. AD-C, SYSTEMATIC CHANGES AIR DEN. *PIONEER Venus 1, Atmospheric Drag	R/N R/N R/N
Kellogg, P. J U. OF MINNESOTA, MINNEAPOLIS, MN IMP-I, MINN AC ELEC + MAG FIELDS	N
Kieffer, H. H US GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, FLAGSTAFF, AZ VIKING 1 ORBITER, RADIOMETER VIKING 2 ORBITER, RADIOMETER	R/N R/N
Kinard, W. H NASA-LARC, HAMPTON, VA *PIONEER 10, METEOROID DETECTOR *PIONEER 11, METEOROID DETECTOR	N N
Knecht, R. W NATL. BUREAU OF STD., BOULDER, CO IE-A, FIXED FREQ IONOSONDE	N
Knollenberg, R. G U. OF CHICAGO, CHICAGO, IL *PIONEER VENUS PROBE LRG CLOUD PARTICLE SIZE SPECTROMETER (LCPS)	N
Knudsen, W. C LOCKHEED PALO ALTO, PALO ALTO, CA *PIONEER Venus 1, Retard. Pot. Anal.	RY
Konradi, A NASA JSC, HOUSTON, TX OGO 1, 0.1-10MEV PROT + ELEC SCINT. OGO 3, 0.1-10MEV PROT + ELECT SCINT.	R/N R/N
Kovach, R. L STANFORD U., STANFORD, CA APOLLO 14C, ACTIVE SEISMIC APOLLO 16C, ACTIVE SEISMIC APOLLO 17C, SEISMIC PROFILING	R/N R/N R/N
Kraushaar, W. L U. OF WISCONSIN, MADISON, WI OSO 1, GAMMA-RAY TELESCOPE OSO 8, SOFT X-RAY BKGND. RADIATION S 15, GAMMA RAY TELESCOPE SKYLAB, 0.2-12 KEV SKY SURVEY	R/N R/N R/N N

Kreplin, R. W US NAVAL RESEARCH LAB, WASH, DC OGO 2, ION WAKE STUDY OGO 2, SOLAR X-RAYS OGO 4, SOLAR X-RAY OGO 5, SOLAR X-RAY, 2 TO 20KEV, PRO. CT. OGO 6, SOLAR X-RAY, 0.15-6.2A OSO 6, SOLAR X-RAY, SPEC + GM + SCINT. RANGER 2, LYMAN ALPHA TELESCOPE SOLRAD 8, SOLAR X-RAY AND ULTRAVIOLET MONITOR SOLRAD 9, SOLAR RADIATION DETECTORS SOLRAD 10, SOLAR RADIATION DETECTORS SOLRAD 10, ALL-SKY X-RAY SURVEY	222222222
Krimigis, S. M APPLIED PHYSICS LAB, LAUREL, MD IMP-H, CHARGED PARTICLE MEASUREMENTS EXPERIMENT *IMP-J, CHARGED PARTICLE MEASUREMENTS EXPERIMENT *VOYAGER 1, LOW ENERGY CHARGED PART. EXP (LECP): *VOYAGER 2, PART ANALYZER/TELESCOPE	RYY RYY RYY
Laaspere, T DARTMOUTH COLLEGE, HANOVER, NH OGO 6, VLF RECEIVER, 50HZ-540KHZ	N
Langseth, M. G LAMONT-DOHERTY GEO. OBS, PALISADES, NY APOLLO 15, LM/ALSEP HEAT FLOW APOLLO 16, LM/ALSEP HEAT FLOW APOLLO 17, LM/ALSEP HEAT FLOW	N N N
Lazarus, A. J MASS. INST. OF TECH., CAMBRIDGE, MA *IMP-J, SOLAR PLASMA FARADAY CUP	RY
Leavitt, C. P U. OF NEW MEXICO, ALBUQUERQUE, NM OSO 2, COSMIC GAMMA 100-1000MEV DETECTOR OSO 6, NEUTRON FLUX, 20-130MEV	N N
Leighton, R. B CALIF. INST. OF TECH., PASADENA, CA MARINER 4, TELEVISION MARINER 6, MARS SURFACE TV CAMERA MARINER 7, MARS SURFACE TV CAMERA	N N N
Lennartson, O. W LOCKHEED PALO ALTO, PALO ALTO, CA *ISEE 1 Energetic ion-mass spectrometer 0-17 keV-q; 1 AMU TO 150 AMU	RY
Lin, F. J U. OF ARIZONA, TUCSON, AZ IMP-G CHANNELTRON ELECTRON DETECTOR	N

Low, F. J U. OF ARIZONA, TUCSON, AZ APOLLO 17, CSM INFRARED SCANNING RADIOMETER	N
Macqueen, R. M HIGH ALTITUDE OBS., BOULDER, CO SKYLAB, WHITE LT. CORONAGPH (S052) *SMM CORONAGRAPH/POLARIMETER	N R⁄Y
Mange, P. W US NAVAL RESEARCH LAB., WASH, DC OGO 1, GEO LYMAN ALPHA OGO 2, GEO LYMAN ALPHA OGO 3, GEO LYMAN ALPHA OGO 4, GEO LYMAN ALPHA + UV AIRGLO OSO 4, GEOCOR, HYDROG LYM-ALP TELE	RY RY RY RY RY
Masley, A. J TRW SYSTEMS GOUP, REDUNDO BEACH, CA ATS 6, SOLAR COSMIC-RAY EXPER. OGO 6, LOW ENERG COSMIC RAY MEAS.	N N
Masursky, H US GEOLOGICAL SURVEY , FLAGSTAFF, AZ MARINER 9, TELEVISION PHOTOGRAPHY	N
McCormick, M. P NASA LRC, HAMPTON, VA *ERBS, STRAT AROSOL & GAS EXP/SAGEII *NIMBUS 7, SAM-II, STRAT AEROSOL MEA. SAGE, STRAT. AERO + GAS EXP.	R/Y R/Y R/Y
McCracken, K. G CSIRO, N RYDE, NSW, AUSTRALIA IMP-F, COSMIC RAY ANISOTROPY IMP-G, COSMIC RAY ANIOTROPY PIONEER 6, COSMIC RAY DETECTOR PIONEER 7, COSMIC RAY ANISOTROPY PIONEER 8, COSMIC RAY ANISOTROPY PIONEER 9, COSMIC RAY ANISOTROPY	N N N N N
McDonald, F. B NASA HEADQUARTERS, WASH, DC *PIONEER 10, CHARGED PARTICLE TELE. *PIONEER 11, CHARGED PARTICLE TELE.	R/Y R/Y
McIlwain, C. E U. OF CALIF., SAN DIEGO, CA ATS 2, OMNI PROTELEC. DETECTORS ATS 5, LOW ENRG. PROT., ELECTRONS ATS 5, ENRG. PART. (E/.5-5, P/12-24) ATS 6, AURORAL PRTCLS. EXPERIMENT EPE-C, OMNI + DIR (E/5, .5 P 40-110) EPE-D, ELECTRON PROTON RELAY 1, PROTON-ELECTRON COUNTERS RELAY 2, PROTON-ELECTRON COUNTERS	Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z .

Mende, S. B LOCKHEED PALO ALTO, PALO ALTO, CA SPACELAB 1, ATMOS. EMISS. PHOTO IMAG.	N
Mendillo, M. J BOSTON U., BOSTON, MA SPACELAB 2, PLASMA DEPLETION	N
Meyer, P U. OF CHICAGO, CHICAGO, IL *IMP-J, COSMIC RAY ELECTRONS *ISEE 3, CSMC RAY ELTRNS, NUCLEI OGO 5, PART. TELE., CR ELECTRONS SPACELAB 2, COSMIC RAY NUCLEI	N R/Y R/Y
Michael, JR., W. H NASA-LARC, HAMPTON, VA LUNAR ORBITER 1, SELENODESY LUNAR ORBITER 2, SELENODESY LUNAR ORBITER 3, SELENODESY LUNAR ORBITER 4, SELENODESY LUNAR ORBITER 5, SELENODESY VIKING 1 LANDER, RADIO SCIENCE VIKING 1 ORBITER, RADIO SCIENCE VIKING 2 LANDER, RADIO SCIENCE VIKING 2 ORBITER, RADIO SCIENCE	RN RN RN RN RN RN RN RN RN
Mitchell, J. K U. OF CALIF., BERKELEY CA APOLLO 11C, SOIL MECHANICS APOLLO 12C, SOIL MECHANICS APOLLO 14C, SOIL MECHANICS APOLLO 15C, SOIL MECHANICS APOLLO 16C, SOIL MECHANICS APOLLO 17C, SOIL MECHANICS	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
Mozer, F. S U. OF CALIF., BERKELEY, BERKELEY, CA ATS 5, ENRG. PART. E. + P. GT 5KEV *ISEE 1, QUASI-STATIC ELECTRIC FIELD	R/N R/N
Muehlberger, W. R US GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, FLAGSTAFF, AZ APOLLO 16C, FIELD GEOLOGY	R/N
Murray, B. C CALIF. INST. OF TECH., PASADENA, CA MARINER 10, TELE. PHOTO.	R/N
Nagy, A. F U. OF MICHIGAN, ANN ARBOR, MI *DE-B MAGNETOSPHERIC ENERGY COUPLING OGO 6, LANGMUIR PROBES *PIONEER VENUS 1 INTERDISCIPLINARY SCIENTIST	R/N R/N R/N

Naumann, R. J NASA-MSFC, HUNTSVILLE, AL PEGASUS 1, METEOROID DETECTORS PEGASUS 2, MICROMETEORITE PEGASUS 3, MICROMETEORITE	2 2 2
Neel, JR., C. B NASA-ARC, MOFFETT FIELD, CA OSO 3, DIRECTIONAL RADIOMETER OSO 3, EARTH ALBEDO EXP.	N N
Neugebauer, G CALIF. INST. OF TECH., PASADENA, CA MARINER 2, INFRARED RADIOMETER MARINER 2, ELECTROSTATIC ANALYZER MARINER 6, CHAN. IR RADIOMETER MARINER 7, 2 CHAN. IR RADIOMETER MARINER 9, INFRARED RAD.	R/N R/N R/N R/N R/N
Newton, G. P NASA HEADQUARTER, WASH, DC AE-A, PRESSURE GAUGE AE-B, REDHEAD IONIZ. GAUGES OGO 2, NEUTRAL PARTICLE STUDY OGO 4, NEUTRAL PARTICLE SAN MARCO 3, NEUT. ATM. COMP. SPECTR. SAN MARCO 4, NEUTRAL ATMOS. COMP.	R/N R/N R/N R/N R/N
Ney, E. P U. OF MINNESOTA, MINNEAPOLIS, MN OSO 2, ZODIACAL LIGHT MONITOR OSO 5, ZODIACAL LGT + TERRS. AIRGLOW	R/N R/N
Nier, A. O. C U. OF MINNESOTA, MINNEAPOLIS, MN AE-C, OPEN SOURCE SPECT. (OSS) AE-D, OPEN SOURCE SPEC. (OSS) AE-E, OPEN SOURCE SPECTROM. (OSS) VIKING 1 LANDER, ATMOSPH. COMP. VIKING 1 LANDER, ATMOSPH. STRUCT. VIKING 1 LANDER, IONOSPHERIC PROP VIKING 2 LANDER, ATMOSPH. COMP. VIKING 2 LANDER, ATMOSPH. STRUCT. VIKING 2 LANDER, IONOSPHERIC PROP	RN RN RN RN RN RN RN
Novick, R COLUMBIA U., NEW YORK, NY OSO 8, STELL + SOL X-TAL SPECTROSCOP STS 3, SOLAR X-RAY POLARIMETER	R/\ R/\
O'Brien, B. J DEPT. OF ENVIRON. PROT., PERTH, AUSTRALIA APOLLO 12C, DUST DETECTOR, LUNAR APOLLO 14C, CHARGED PARTICLE	N N

Owen, T. C ILLINOIS INST. OF TECH., CHICAGO, IL APOLLO 15A, UV PHOTOGRAPHY APOLLO 16A, UV PHOTOGRAPHY	,
Oyama, V. I NASA-ARC, MOFFETT FIELD, CA *PIONEER VENUS PROBE LRG GAS CHROMATOGRAPH (LGC)	
Paulikas, G. A AEROSPACE CORP., LOS ANGELES, CA ATS 1, OMNI SOLID STATE PART. SPEC ATS 6, OMNI DIRECTIONAL SPECT.	R∕N R∕N
Peterson, A. M STANFORD U., STANFORD CA IMP-D, LUNAR IONOS. + RADIO P. IMP-E, CISLUNAR RF BEACON	N
Peterson, L. E STANFORD U., STANFORD, CA HEAO 1, MEV RANGE GAMMA RAY TELES. OSO 1, 50-KV 3-MV GAMRAY OSO 3, HARD X-RAY SPECTROMETER OSO 7, SOLAR X RAYS, 2-323 KEV OSO 7, X-RAY SKY SURVEY, 10-550KEV	N N N N
Pettengil, G. H MASS. INST. OF TECH., CAMBRIDGE, MA *PIONEER Venus 1, Radar Altimeter	N
Phillips, R. J LUNAR + PLANETARY INST., HOUSTON, TX *PIONEER VENUS 1 Internal Density Distribution	N
Potemra, T. A APPLIED PHYSICS LAB., LAUREL, MD *AMPTE/CCE, CCE MAGNETOMETER	RY
Potter, R. A NASA-MSFC, HUNTSVILLE, AL PEGASUS 1, ELECTRON SPECTROMETER PEGASUS 2, ELECTRON SPECTROMETER PEGASUS 3, ELECTRON SPECTROMETER	2 2 2
Purcell, J. D US NAVAL RESEARCH LAB, WASH, DC OSO 5, EXTREME UV SPECTROHELIOGRAPH	N
Ragent, B NASA-ARC, MOFFETT FIELD, CA *PIO78PC, CLOUD EXTENT, STRUC., DISTR. *PIO78PD, CLOUD EXTENT, STRUC., DISTR. *PIO78PE, CLOUD EXTENT, STRUC., DISTR.	R/N R/N R/N
Regener, V. H U. OF NEW MEXICO, ALBUQUERQUE, NM OGO 6, SOLAR UV, 1800-3200A	N

Reichle, JR., H. G NASA-LARC, HAMPTON, VA STS 2, MEASURE OF AIR POLU. FROM SAT. STS-41G, MEASUR AIR POLU. FROM SAT.	R/N R/N
Rense, W. A U. OF COLORADO, BOULDER, CO OSO 5, SOLAR, EXTREME UV, MONITOR	R/N
Roble, R. G NATL. CTR. FOR ATMOS. RES., BOULDER, CO *DYNAMICS EXPLORER 2 NEUTRAL-PLASMA INTERACTIONS	N
Russell, C. T U. OF CALIF., LA, LOS ANGELES, CA *ISEE 1, FLUXGATE MAGNETOMETER *ISEE 2, FLUXGATE MAGNETOMETER *PIONEER Venus 1, Magnetometer	R/Y R/Y R/Y
Russell, III, J. M NASA-LARC, HAMPTON, VA *NIMBUS 7, LIMB IR MON STRATO (LIMS)	R/N
Sagalyn, R. C USAF GEOPHYS. LAB., BEDFORD, MA INJUN 4, RETARDING POTENTIAL ANAL. INJUN 5, SPHERIC. RET. POT. ANAL. OGO 1, SPHERICAL ELECTROST. ANAL. OGO 3, SPHERICAL RET-POT ANALYZERS OGO 5, SPHER. PLASMA TEMP + DEN + FLUX	RAN RAN RAN RAN
Schneider, H. J NASA-JSC, HOUSTON, TX SPACELAB 3, LIFE SCI. MINILAB-3	N
Schwartz, D. A SAO, CAMBRIDGE, MA HEAO 1, SCANNING MODULATION COLL.	N
Scott, R. F CALIF. INST. OF TECH., PASADENA, CA SURVEYOR 4, MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF LUNAR SURFACE USING A SURFACE SAMPLER SURVEYOR 5, MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF LUNAR	N
SURFACE USING A SURFACE SAMPLER SURVEYOR 6, MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF LUNAR	N
SURFACE USING A SURFACE SAMPLER SUBVEYOR 7 SOIL MECHANICS SURFACE SAMPLER	N N

Seiff, A NASA-ARC, MOFFETT FIELD, CA *PIONEER VENUS PROBE LRG ATMOSPHERIC STRUCTURE	N
(LAS) *PIONEER VENUS PROBE SM1 ATMOSPHERIC STRUCTURE (SAS)	N
*PIONEER VENUS PROBE SM2 ATMOSPHERIC STRUCTURE	N
*PIONEER VENUS PROBE SM3 ATMOSPHERIC STRUCTURE (SAS)	N
Shapiro, I. I MASS. INST. OF TECH., CAMBRIDGE, MA *PIONEER Venus 1, Celest. Mechanics Experiment	R/N
Sharp, G. W NASA HEADQUARTERS, WASH, DC ATS 5, ENRG. PART. E + P .5-500KEV	N
OGO 5, MAG. ION MASS SPECTROMETER OGO 6, MICROPHONE ATM DEN GAGE	N
Sharp, R. D LOCKHEED PALO ALTO, PALO ALTO, CA ATS 5, PROTON ELECTRON DETECTOR	N
Shelley, E. G LOCKHEED PALO ALTO, PALO ALTO, CA *AMPTE/CCE, HOT PLASMA COMPOSITION *DE-A, ENERGET. ION COMP. SPEC. (EICS)	R/Y R/Y
Shoemaker, E. M CALIF. INST. OF TECH., PASADENA, CA	
APOLLO 11, GEOLOGIC SAMPLES APOLLO 12C, GEOLOGIC SAMPLES	N N
SURVEYOR 1. TELEVISION	Ŋ
SURVEYOR 3, SOIL MECHANICS SURFACE SAMPLER SURVEYOR 3, TELEVISION	N N
SURVEYOR 4, TOPOGRAPHY AND TEXTURE OF LUNAR	N
SURFACE SURVEYOR 5, TELEVISION	N
SURVEYOR 6, TELEVISION SURVEYOR 7, SURFACE SAMPLER -PHOTO	N N
Shorthill, R. W U. OF UTAH, SALT LAKE CITY, UT	
VIKING 1 LANDER, PHYSICAL PROP.	N N
VIKING 1 LANDER, SOIL WATER VIKING 2 LANDER, PHYSICAL PROP.	N
VIKING 2 LANDER, SOIL WATER	N
Simmons, G. M MASS. INST. OF TECH., CAMBRIDGE, MA APOLLO 17C, S/ELECTRICAL PROPERTY	N

Simpson, J. A U. OF CHICAGO, CHICAGO, IL EXPLORER 6 PROPOGATIONAL COUNTER TELESCOPE IMP-A, C. R. PROTONS (R VS ENERGY LOSS IMP-B, C. R. PROTONS (R VS ENERGY LOSS IMP-C, C. R. PROTONS (R VS DE/DX) IMP-F, C. R. PROTONS (R VS DE/DX) IMP-G, C. R. PROTONS (R VS DE/DX) IMP-H, SOLAR FLARE HIGH-Z/LOW-E AND LOW-Z ISOTOPE IMP-I, COSMIC RAYS NUCLEAR COMP. MARINER 10, ENERGETIC PARTICLES MARINER 4, COSMIC RAY TELESCOPE OGO 1, C. R. SPECTRA AND FLUXES OGO 2, ENERGETIC PARTICLE SURVEY OGO 3, C. R. SPECTRA AND FLUXES OGO 4, ENERGETIC PARTICLES SURVEY OGO 5, HI-Z, LO-E PART., SS TELE. PIONEER 5, TRIP COINC. PROP. COUNTER PIONEER 6, COSMIC RAY TELESCOPE	zzzzzgzzzzzzzz
Smith, B. A U. OF ARIZONA, TUCSON, AZ *VOYAGER 1, IMAGING *VOYAGER 2, IMAGING	N N
Smith, W. L NOAA-NESDIS, SUITLAND, MD NIMBUS 5, IR TEMP. PROFILE RAD. NIMBUS 6, EARTH RADIATION BUDGET NIMBUS 6, HIGH RES. IR SNDER. (HIRS) OGO 1, TRIAX SEARCH COIL MAGNETOMETER	N N N
Soberman, R. K GENERAL ELECTRIC CO, VALLEY FORGE, PA *PIONEER 10, ASTEROID ASTRONOMY *PIONEER 11, ASTEROID ASTRONOMY	R/N R/N
Sonett, C. P U. OF ARIZONA, TUCSON, AZ APOLLO 12C, LUNAR SURFACE MAGNET. EXPL 6, SCINTILLATION COUNTER EXPL 6, SEARCH COIL MAGNETOMETER IMP-D, 3-AXIS FLUXGATE MAGNETOMETER IMP-E, 3-AXIS FLUXGATE MAGNETOMETER PIONEER 1, IONIZATION CHAMBER PIONEER 1, SEARCH COIL MAGNETOMETER PIONEER 9, 3-AXIS FLUXGATE MAGNETOMETER	RN RN RN RN RN RN RN RN RN
Spitzer, L PRINCETON U., PRINCETON, NJ OAO 3, REFL. TELESCOPE, 800-3000A	N

Staelin, D. H MASS. INST. OF TECH., CAMBRIDGE, CA NIMBUS 5, MICROWAVE SPECTROMETER NIMBUS 6, SCANNING MICROWAVE SPECTROMETER	R/N R/N
Stewart, A. I U. OF COLORADO, BOULDER, CO *PIONEER Venus 1, UV Spectrometer	R/Y
Stone, E. C CALIF. INST. OF TECH., PASADENA, CA IMP-H, ELEC. + H + HE SLD. *IMP-J, ELEC + H + HE SOLID ST. TELE. *ISEE 3, HIGH-ENERGY COSMIC RAYS OGO 6, COSMIC RAY EXPERIMENT *VOYAGER 1, COSMIC RAY TELESCOPE *VOYAGER 2, COSMIC RAY TELESCOPE	R/N R/Y R/Y R/N R/Y
Stowe, L. L NOAA-NESDIS, SUITLAND, MD *NIMBUS 7, TEMP-HUMID IR RAD. (THIR)	N
Suomi, V. E U. OF WISCONSIN, MADISON, WI ATS 1, SPIN SCAN CLOUD CAMERA ATS 3, SPIN SCAN CLOUD CAMERA *PIONEER VENUS PROBE SM1 NET FLUX RADIOMETER *PIONEER VENUS PROBE SM2 NET FLUX RADIOMETER *PIONEER VENUS PROBE SM3 NET FLUX RADIOMETER TIROS 3, LOW-RESOLUTIN OMNI DIRECTIONAL RADIOMETER	R/N R/N R/N R/N R/N R/N
Sutton, G. H. U. OF HAWAII, HONOLULU, HI SURVEYOR 5, SEISMIC ACTIVITY AND METEORITE IMPACTS ON THE MOON USING A SINGLE-AXIS SEISMOMTR SURVEYOR 6, SEISMIC ACTIVITY AND METEORITE IMPACTS ON THE MOON USING A SINGLE-AXIS SEISMOMTR SURVEYOR 7, SEISMIC ACTIVITY AND METEORITE IMPACTS ON THE MOON USING A SINGLE-AXIS IMPACTS	N N N
Swann, G. A US GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, FLAGSTAFF, AZ APOLLO 14, FIELD GEOLOGY APOLLO 15, FIELD GEOLOGY APOLLO 17, LUNAR GEOLOGY	R/N R/N R/N
Tandberg-Hanssen, E. A NASA-MSFC, HUNTSVILLE, AL *SMM, UV SPECTROMETER/POLARIMETER	RY
Teske, R. G U. OF MICHIGAN, ANN ARBOR, MI OSO 3, SOLAR X-RAY DETECTORS	N
Tillman, J. E U. OF WASHINGTON, SEATTLE, SEATTLE, WA VIKING 1 LANDER METEOROLOGY VIKING 2 LANDER METEOROLOGY	RY RY

Title, A. M LOCKHEED PALO ALTO, PALO ALTO, CA SPACELAB 2, SOLAR MAG/VELOC. FIELD	N
Torr, M. R UTAH STATE U., LOGAN, UT SPACELAB 1, IMAG. SPECTROMETRIC OBS,	R/N
Toulmin, III, P US GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, RESTON, VA VIKING 1 LANDER, INORG. CHEM. INVEST. VIKING 2 LANDER, INORG. CHEM. INVEST.	R/N R/N
Tousey, R. US NAVAL RESEARCH LAB., WASHINGTON, DC OSO 2, NRL, CORONA, WHITE LIGHT OSO 2, SOLAR UV SCANNING OSO 7, WHITE + EUV CORONAGRAPHS	N N N
Travis, L. D NASA-GISS, NEW YORK, NY *PIONEER Venus 1, Cloud Photopolar.	RY
Turkevich, A. L U. OF CHICAGO, CHICAGO, IL SURVEYOR 5, ALPHA SCATTER SURVEYOR 6, ALPHA SCATTER SURVEYOR 7, ALFA SCAT. SURF. ANAL	R/N R/N R/N
Tyler, G. L STANFORD, U., STANFORD, CA *VOYAGER 1, COHERNT. S + X BAND RADIO	R/N
Van Allen EPE-A, CHARGED PARTICLE EXP. EPE-B, TRAPPED PARTICLE DETECTOR HAWKEYE, MAGNETOMETER IMP-D, GM CNTR. + SLD. STATE DETR. IMP-E, GM CNTR. + SOLD. STATE DET. IMP-F, LEPEDA, LOW ENERGY PARTICLES INJUN 4, CDS DETECTOR INJUN 4, P-NJUNCTION DETECTOR INJUN 4, P-NJUNCTION DETECTOR INJUN 5, S. S. DET. (PROTON, ELEC.) MARINER 2, PARTICLE DETECTOR MARINER 4, GM DET (C. R. PROTON, ELEC.) MARINER 5, TRAPPED RADIATION DET. OGO 1, GM DET. (TRAPPED RAD., PROTON) OGO 2, CYL. ELECSTAT. AN. (TRAP. PART.) OGO 4, TRAP. AND PRECIP. PART. PIONEER 3, GEIGER COUNTERS PIONEER 10, JOVIAN CHARGED PARTICL. *PIONEER 11, JOVIAN CHARGED PARTICL.	2222222222222222

Waggoner, J. A LAWRENCE LIVERMORE LAB., LIVERMORE, CA OSO 4, PROTON-ELECTRON TELESCOPE	N
Warwick J. W U. OF COLORADO, BOULDER, CO *VOYAGER 1, LF. RF RCVR (.02-40MHZ) *VOYAGER 2, LF. RF RCVR (.02-40MHZ)	RY RY,
Webber, W. R U. OF NEW HAMPSHIRE, DURHAM, NH OGO 2, GALACTIC + SOLAR COSMIC RAY OGO 4, GALACTIC+SOLAR COSMIC RAYS PIONEER 8, COSMIC RAY GRADIENT DET. PIONEER 9, COSMIC RAY GRADIENT	N N N
Weber, J U. OF MARYLAND, COLLEGE PARK, MD APOLLO 17C, SURFACE GRAVIMETER	N
Weinberg, J. L SPACE ASTRONOMY LAB., ALBANY, NY *PIONEER 10, ZODIACAL LIGHT PHOTOM. *PIONEER 11, ZODIACAL LIGHT PHOTOM.	N N
Weller, JR., C. S US NAVAL RESEARCH LAB, WASHINGTON, DC OSO 8, EUV FROM EARTH + SPACE EXP.	N
West, H. I LAWRENCE LIVERMORE LAB., LIVERMORE, CA OGO 5, ELECTRON SPECT + PROTON TELE.	N
Whipple, F. L SAO, CAMBRIDGE, MA OAO 2, 4 HI-RESOLUTION TELESCOPES	R/N
Wiedenbeck, M. E U. OF CHICAGO, CHICAGO, IL *ISEE 3, HI ENERGY COSMIC RAYS	N
Williams, D. J APPLIED PHYSICS LAB., LAUREL, MD IMP-H, ELEC. + PROT. TELE. GR. 50KEV *IMP-J, ELEC. + PROT., TELE. GR *ISEE 1, ENRTC. ELEC. AND PRTNS. *ISEE 2, ENRGTC. ELECTRONS AND PRTNS. OGO 6, TRAPPED + PRECIP. ELECT. SSDT.	RY RY RY RY N
Winckler, J. R U. OF MINNESOTA, MINNEAPOLIS, MN ATS 1, ELEC. SPEC. 3CH., .05155-1 ATS 2, ELEC. SPEC. 3CH., .05155-1 ATS 6, PRTCL. ACCEL. MEASUREMENT EXPL 6, ION CH. + GM. (E/1.55, 2.86, P) OGO 1, ELECTRON SPECTROMETER OGO 1, ION CHAMBER OGO 3, ELEC. SPEC. 5 CHANNEL. 05-4MEV OGO 3, ION CHAMBER (E*0.7, P*12MEV) PION 5, ION CH. + GM (E/1.55, 2.86 P)	2222222

Winningham, J. D. - SOUTHWEST RES. INST., SAN ANTONIO, TX *DE-B, LOW ALT. PLASMA INSTR. (LAPI)

R/N

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APPENDIX 5. Overview of 1981 Data Census

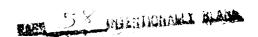
On March 5, 1981, a survey package similar to that of Appendix 3 of this report was mailed to 100 scientists concerning 347 investigations sponsored by NASA's thenextant Office of Space Science. This survey was coordinated by J.I. Vette at NSSDC and included a cover letter signed by J.D. Rosendahl of OSS. The package was sent to PI's on investigations flown on OSS spacecraft launched after 1962 which, in 1981, no longer had active Science Working Teams. These spacecraft included:

AE A. B Alouette 2, ISIS 1, 2 Apollo 12, 14, 15, 16, 15S, 16S Ariel 4 ASTP ATS 1, 5, 6 EPE-D Gemini IMP 1 - 7, AIMP 1, 2 Mariner 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10 Injun 5, Hawkeye OAO 2 OGO 1-6 OSO 2 - 5, 7 Pioneer 6-9 Relay 2 RAE A. B San Marco 3. 4 SAS-B S-Cubed-A Skylab

Note that earth science investigations, then managed by the Office of Applications, were not surveyed as part of this 1981 survey.

Of the 100 scientists surveyed, 83 provided "complete" responses and 8 provided partial responses. Only 9 were judged non- responsive. That more effort was expended by the NSSDC staff to contact the surveyees than has been possible during the 1990 census, and that the oldest investigation surveyed then was <20 years old relative to census-90's effort to survey >30 year-old data, combine to explain the higher response rate of the 1981 survey.

Of the 347 investigations surveyed, NSSDC already held all the extant data for 139 of them, there were either new archive-worthy data sets or add-ons to NSSDC-held data sets for 47 of them, there were 52 Pl-held data sets to be identified in the central database but not to be submitted to NSSDC, and there were 44 investigations from



which no useful data existed. Input on 101 investigations were incomplete or nonexistent. Note that, while the 1981 survey was of interest to NASA/HQ/OSS, it was not intended for follow-up by a community dataset prioritization-for-archiving/restoration effort. For the present effort of preparing the Census Database for community attention, all the relevant and reliable information from the 1981 survey will be assimilated.

APPENDIX 6. Data Sets Newly Identified in 1990 Census

This appendix addresses those data sets from inactive investigations identified by scientists responding to the 1990 census survey. A number of respondents identified data from still-active missions (Voyager, IMP-8, ISEE-3, Pioneer Venus), or from recently active missions in which project-coordinated archiving activities continue (DE, ISEE 1&2). These are not identified herein. In some cases, data sets were identified at a low processing level which typically, in the past, had not been considered as reasonable for archiving. In yet other cases, older data sets from long-inactive missions were identified. This appendix identifies all such data sets from inactive missions. The ordering of the information below is insignificant.

- T. Garrard & E. Stone, Caltech. About 600 "library tapes" (12 GB) of IMP 7 & 8 full resolution count rates, and 150 tapes (3 GB) of IMP 7 & 8 hour-averaged data. The hourly data are related to the data now being archived by Caltech at NSSDC. Also identified were 600 tapes of full resolution HEAO-3 data from the instrument on which M. Israel, Washington University, is Pl. NSSDC holds the lower resolution HEAO-3 data.
- P. Meyer, U. Chicago. Identified raw OGO-5 and Spacelab-2 tapes, about 100 each. (P.M. also concerned about 600 ISEE tapes)
- D. Gurnett, R. Anderson & W. Kurth, U. Iowa. From IMP-6 and IMP-8: 2555 digital "experimenter tapes" from GSFC/IPD, 79 calibrated, condensed, & merged tapes, and 11,000 analog tapes, plus film data some of which is already at NSSDC; perhaps 25% from the inactive IMP-6. Also Helios data.
- J. Tillman, U. Washington. Mars meteorology data from the Viking program. Tillman expended much effort to identify many distinct temperature, pressure, and winds data sets from Viking Lander 1 and Viking Lander 2. Some data are archived with PDS, with some documentation to be completed. Some lower level data have been supplied to PDS, and are being held by PDS for safekeeping. Some data are at NSSDC. Some data are held online at the Viking Computer Facility for community access by networks. Some data exist only offline at U. Washington.
- R. Meier, NRL. 50 books of strip charts from the 1967-launched OGO-4 Lyman Alpha and UV Airglow investigation. "poorly documented."
- A. Lazarus, MIT. Mariner 4 solar wind data in a report. Also 30 tapes of Solrad-HI solar wind data which need one student-year of effort to make them archive-ready.
- R. Simpson, Stanford U. Viking Orbiter 1&2 bistatic radar data, 300 tapes; need some documentation.

ONE OTHER RESPONSE

Ray Arvidson and Mary Dale-Bannister, Washington U., identified the "Pre-Magellan Radar and Gravity Data Set" CD-ROM archived with PDS, which contains radar data and gravity data from a variety of sources relevant to Venus and other heavenly bodies.

They also identified a collection of 1989-90 Geologic Remote Sensing Field Experiment data (mainly from several aircraft instruments including AVIRIS, TIMS, ASAS, AIRSAR, and ATLAS; also some contemporaneous ground data) to be archived with PDS on 8 CD-ROM's.

LIMITED TELEPHONE INFORMATION

During followup phone calls, we determined that the following persons hold data from the indicated inactive missions, but we have not received further details on the data held. Note that in many cases, these persons have in fact archived much data from their investigations.

- C. Barth, U. Colorado, SME
- E. Benton, UCSF, Spacelab 1
- G. Brueckner, NRL, Spacelab 2
- L. Frank, U. Iowa, IMP, Injun, OGO
- G. Gloeckler, U. Maryland, IMP 7
- J. Gosling, LANL, IMP 7
- P. Hays, U. Michigan, AE-C, -D, -E
- R. Helliwell, several OGO's
- S. Krimigis, JHU/APL, IMP 7
- P. McCormick, NASA/Langley, SAGE
- R. Novick, Columbia U., OSO 8, STS 3
- J. Simpson, U. Chicago, IMP 7
- D. Williams, JHU/APL, IMP 7